

7 UNESCO WORLD HERITAGE SITES OF INDIA

1. TAJ MAHAL

Location: Agra, Uttar Pradesh

UNESCO Recognition: Inscribed in 1983

Highlight: Exquisite marble inlay work and symmetrical gardens make it a symbol of eternal love.



2. RED FORT

Location: Delhi

UNESCO Recognition: Inscribed in 2007

Highlight: The Lahori Gate and Diwan-i-Khas are architectural gems within the fort.



3. PAVAGADH

Location: Gujarat

UNESCO Recognition: Inscribed in 2004

Highlight: The intricately carved temples on Pavagadh Hill showcase the historical and cultural significance of the site.



4. QUTAB MINAR

Location: Delhi

UNESCO Recognition: Inscribed in 1993

Highlight: The complex includes other historical structures like the Iron Pillar and the Quwwat-ul-Islam Mosque.



5. KONARK SUN TEMPLE

Location: Konark, Odisha

UNESCO Recognition: Inscribed in 1984

Highlight: The intricately carved wheels and sculptures depict mythical stories and daily life.



6. AJANTA CAVES

Location: Maharashtra

UNESCO Recognition: Inscribed in 1983

Highlight: The detailed frescoes narrate the life of Buddha and reflect the artistic prowess of ancient Indian craftsmen.



7. ELLORA CAVES

Location: Maharashtra

UNESCO Recognition: Inscribed in 1983

Highlight: The Kailasa Temple, carved from a single rock, is a marvel with intricate carvings and detailed architecture.

